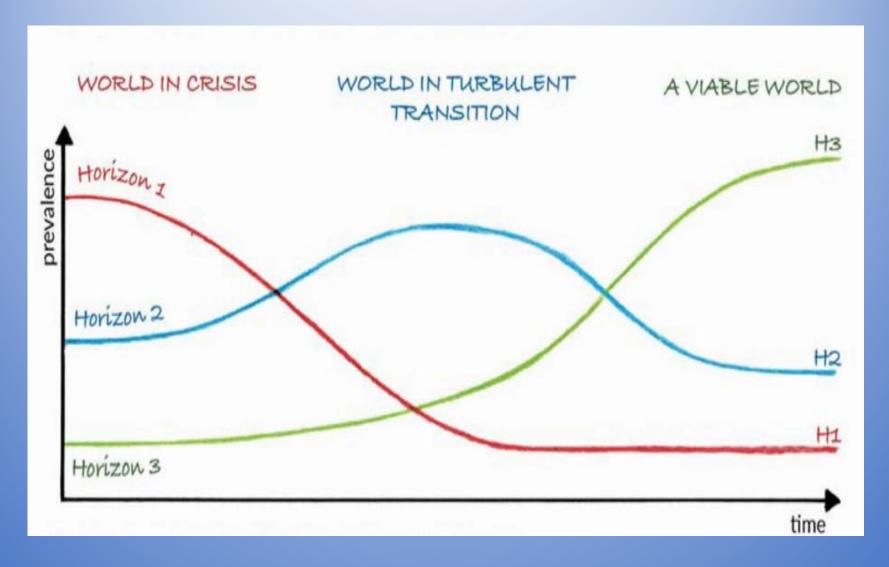
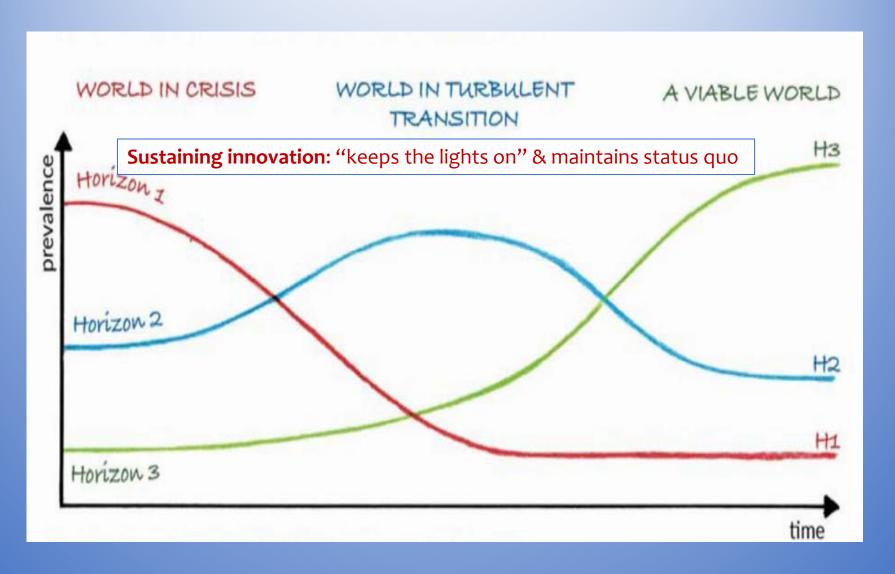
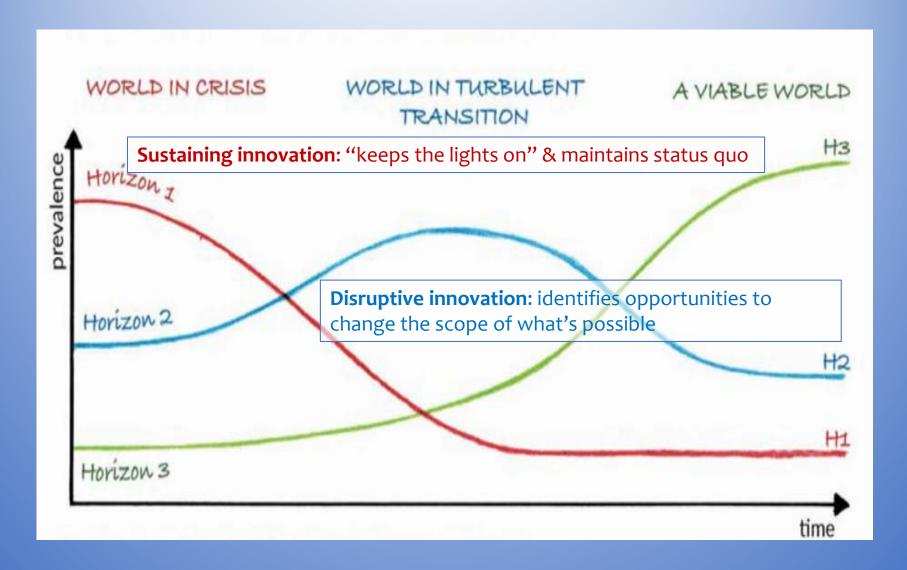
Making Ecological Civilization Real

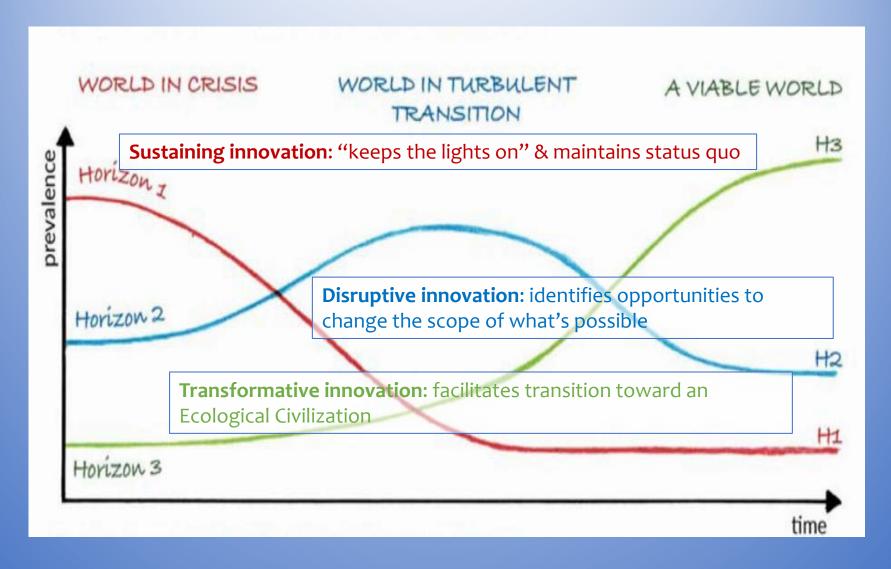
Practical Steps toward Transformation

Presented by Lisa Ferguson & Jeremy Lent





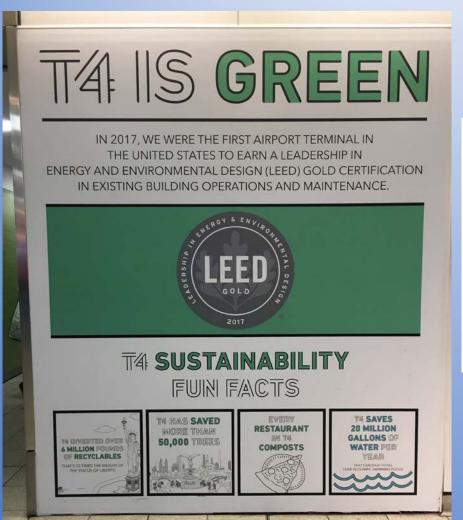




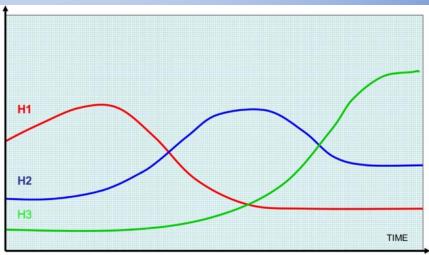
NEWARK AIRPORT TERMINAL 4



NEWARK AIRPORT TERMINAL 4



WHICH HORIZON?



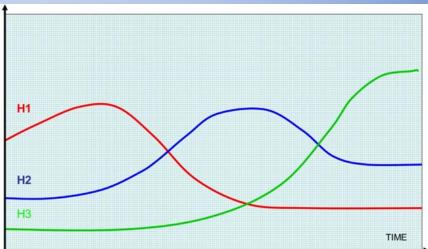
TESLA ELECTRIC VEHICLE
RANGE 250+ MILES



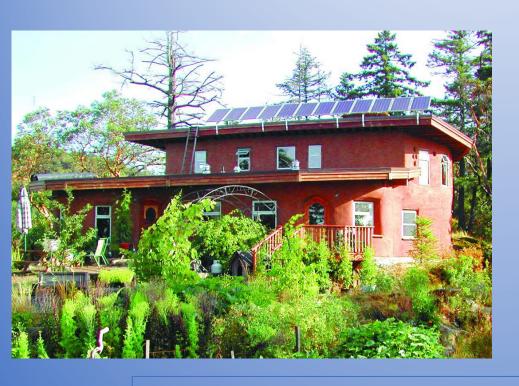
TESLA ELECTRIC VEHICLE
RANGE 250+ MILES



WHICH HORIZON?



VICTORIA, BC, CANADA



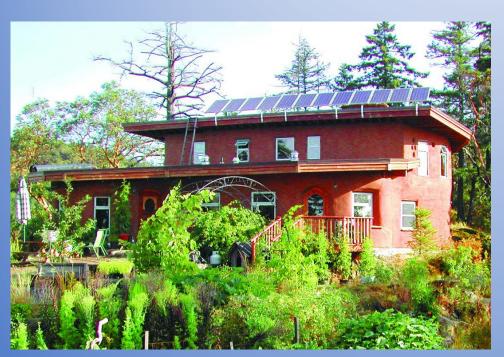
- Net-zero energy basis
- Net-zero water basis
- No "red list" chemicals
- Meets requirements related to:
 - ✓ Place
 - ✓ Health & Happiness
 - ✓ Equity
 - ✓ Beauty

Jason McLellan: Living Building Challenge, Int'l Living Future Institute

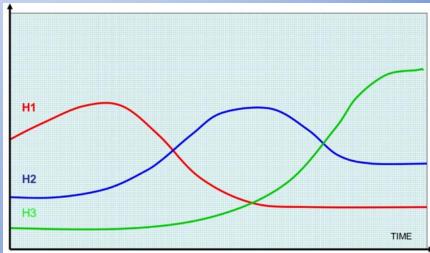
Source: Green Building Advisor, May 29, 2014

https://www.greenbuildingadvisor.com/article/yes-the-living-building-challenge-is-overreaching

ECO-SENSE RESIDENCE VICTORIA, BC, CANADA



WHICH HORIZON?



ECO-SENSE RESIDENCE VICTORIA, BC, CANADA



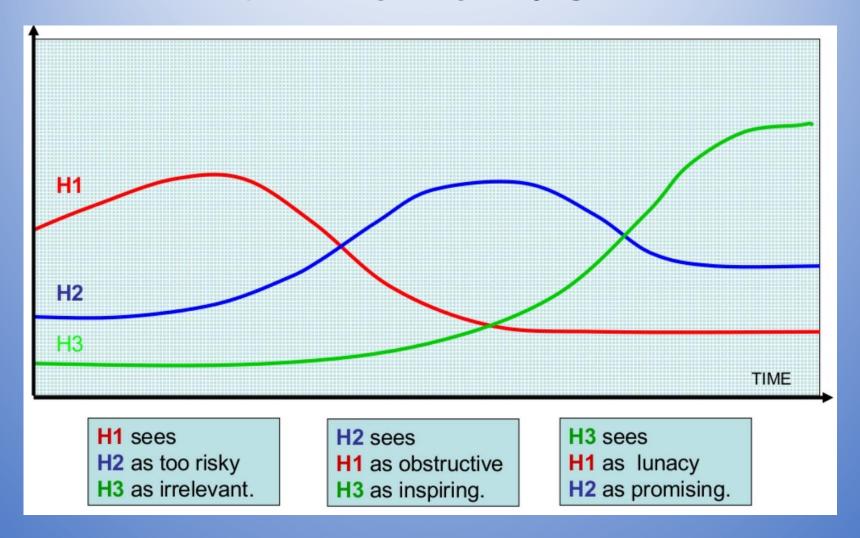
WHICH HORIZON?

David Hicks | May 30, 2014 11:56am | #2

why should we be overreaching?

I don't think setting near-impossible standards for exceptional buildings is particularly hard or particularly useful. At what point does the standard become good enough? After all, you can always add more insulation and more PV panels (or better wastewater treatment, or whatever). What *is* hard and useful is creating guidelines to help people decide where each marginal dollar is best spent. When you do that, you can make cost an independent variable and you maximize the quality of every house, regardless of the budget.

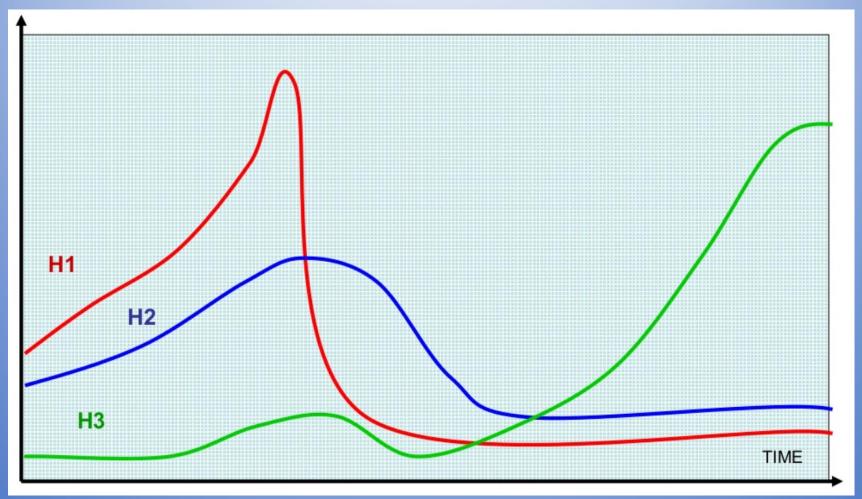
DIFFERING PERCEPTIONS



Source: International Futures Forum. https://www.slideshare.net/grahamiff/iff-three-horizons-slides

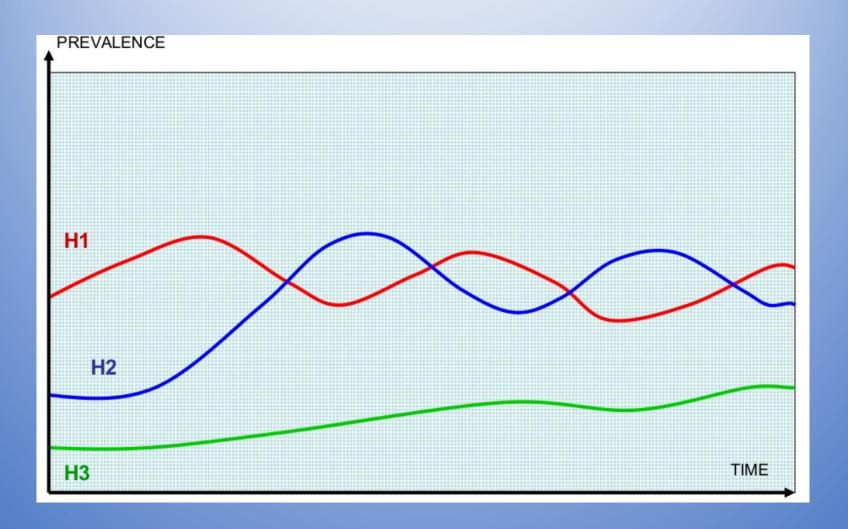
COLLAPSE (AND RECOVERY?)

PREVALENCE



Source: International Futures Forum. https://www.slideshare.net/grahamiff/iff-three-horizons-slides

KICKING THE CAN DOWN THE ROAD



Source: International Futures Forum. https://www.slideshare.net/grahamiff/iff-three-horizons-slides

Green Memes

No. 3

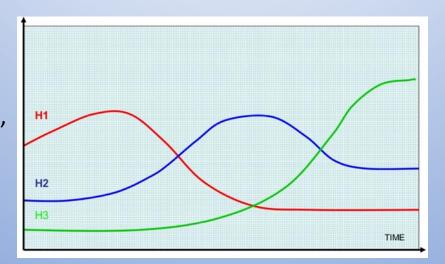
Construction and the web of life – building connectedness



Lenny Antonelli and Andrew Simmonds May 2019

WHICH HORIZON?

- Building standards/ certifications, e.g.
 Passivhaus, EnerPHit,
 Irish Green Building
- Putting a monetary value on ecosystem services provided by Nature



More responsible materials sourcing

 New models of co-housing & communal living

 Architects and city planners designing opportunities for engagement with nature

- Designing a building so:
 - Nature is the musical score
 - Occupants are the audience
 - > The building is the instrument

Principles of an Ecological Civilization

Respecting the inherent right of each person

Each party contributes and receives reciprocally

Communities connect with the land rather than global flows

Recognizing humanity as embedded within nature

-OCALITY

DIGNITY

The health of the whole requires the flourishing of each part

Sustainable flourishing into the long-term future (seven generations principle)

HUMILITY

Recognizing the unpredictability of complex systems

REGENERATION

Third Horizon Checklist

- **Q** Do we really need this new design?
- **Q** Is it ethical to produce, market and consume the new design in the intended way?
- **Q** What impact does the design have on the community that produces or employs it?
- Q Is it really safe to make and use the proposed design?
- **Q** Is it fair? (Does it contribute to greater social, economic and ecological equity without any form of exploitation?)
- Q Is it designed to be repairable and can it be reused over a long period?
- **Q** What is the full cost over its expected lifetime in terms of social, ecological and economic capital?
- **Q** Does this new design truly offer a better way to meet certain needs than already existing designs?
- **Q** How can we ensure that the proposed design does no harm *and* actively helps to restore damage already incurred regenerating our capacity to meet an unpredictable future with community resilience?
- **Q** How does the design actively reinforce our lived experience of a regenerative culture and the 'narrative of interbeing'?

PERMACULTURE PRINCIPLES



Produce no waste

Every Element Supports Many Functions. -

How many functions can we get from every element we include in our plans? Choose each element in a system and place it so that it performs as many functions as possible.

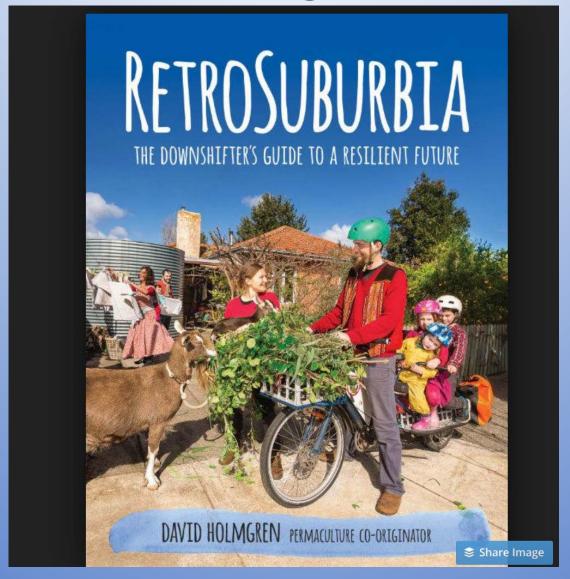
Ex.: A pond provides cooling, supports ducks, fish and aquatic plants, thus creating a richer habitat.

It also catches rainfall, which can be used for irrigation, fire protection or domestic household water.

The clay dug from the pond can be used for building structures such as buildings, walls, benches, ovens and plaster finishes.

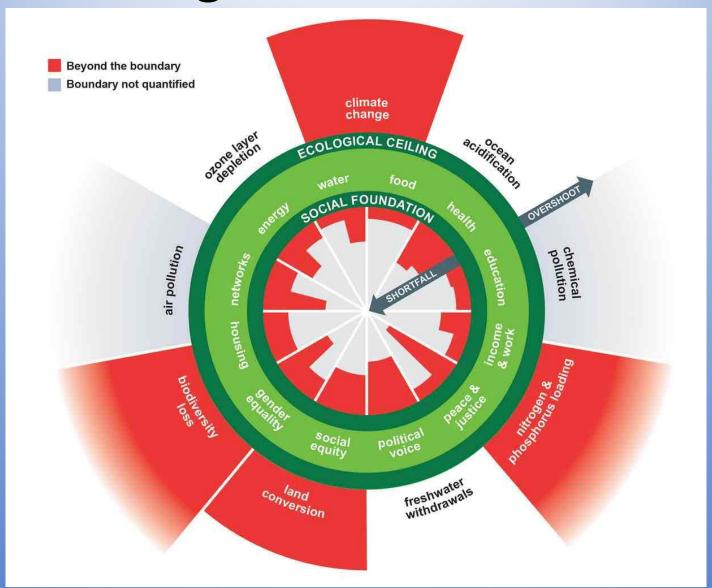
A berry hedge serves as food, fence, wildlife and domestic animal forage as well as pollen for bees to make honey.

Retrofitting Suburbia



Source: RetroSuburbia by David Holmgren, Permaculture co-originator

Doughnut Economics



Source: Doughnut Economics by Kate Raworth

Retrofitting Suburbia



Source: Strong Towns https://www.strongtowns.org/journal/2016/7/20/resilient-suburbia