



BuPESA –Building Performance Evaluation for Sustainable Architecture

Usability in housing: the need for collective rather than individual learning tools

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Structure of talk

- LILAC case study
- Usability Tool and individual learning
- Social Learning Tool and collective learning
- Social media learning
- Older users
- Creating value through evaluation and collective learning





BuPESA –Building Performance Evaluation for Sustainable Architecture

- Two year EU Marie Curie Project in FP7
- March 2013-June 2015
- £250K grant to investigate two housing developments in Leeds, UK
- Website coming soon (next week!)
- Numerous publications and two tools developed
 - Usability, and Social Learning

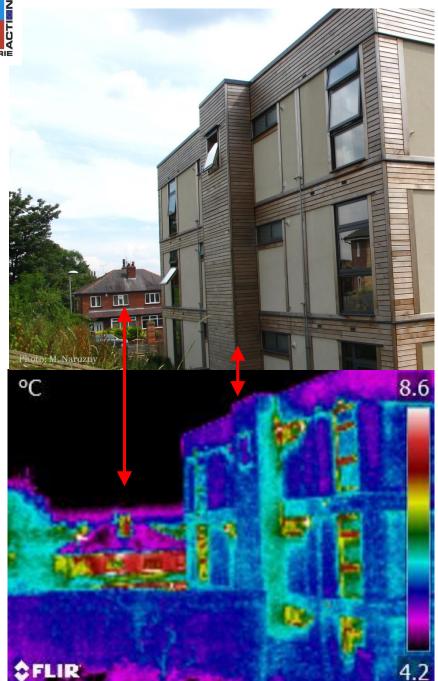






LILAC successes

- LILAC performing better than neighbouring buildings
- e.g heat loss where
 Blue = cooler surface = less
 heat loss









Construction audit

- Strawbale and timber walls and roofs.
- Timber mid-floors
- Block and beam suspended concrete floors
- Triple galzing
- Excellent U-values for external envelope
- Architect not commissioned to do M&E – problems later









However...

- Hidden issues highlighted through BPE
- Typical issue are air leaks, poor insulation, poor service installations, poor controls
- Multiple ways to learn and improve value - examples

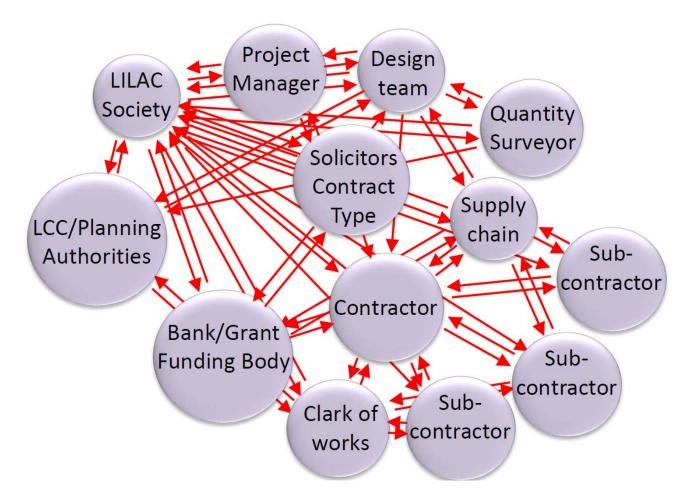








Influences at project level.... learning?









LILAC stakeholder interaction

Month 2013-	14	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	July
Photo survey of construction fabric																		
2. Evening meeting with occupants																		
3. Occupancy agreements																		
4. Thermal imaging audit of construction fabric and repo	ort																	
5. Acoustics and lighting tests – selected homes only																		
6. Comfort and control questionnaire x 2				8) (6)							,							
7. Installation and commissioning processes checked																		
8. Home user guide evaluated																		
9. Handover processes evaluated																		
10. Feedback/ recommendations to developer (initial)																		
11. Monitoring of homes for one year (energy, water +C installing equipment & downloading data every 10 week																		
12. Walkthrough/interviews with occupants x1																		
13. SAP and EPC calculation review																		
14. Y-value thermal bridging calculations				3.12 d.							No.							
15. DomEARM audit – 5 homes only																		

actions taken by the researcher **not requiring active participation of the Lilac residents**actions taken by the researcher **requiring active participation of the Lilac residents**









Usability Tool

- 20 minute survey to evaluate the usability of domestic controls
- Previously done by experts, now userfriendly questionnaire









Usability Tool



Electricity & lighting













Emergency & Maintenance









Central heating & hot water

 Are you aware of its maintenance procedure? 	Yes [I don't know	No	n. prease s	to the next page				Central heating & hot water
maintenance procedures		-				Room	Thermostatic radiator	Shower & bath	
 Indicate the elements of central heating system: 	System bo	iler			COMBI boiler	thermostat	valve	controls	
Tick where appropriate:	Boiler control	Heating & hot water programmer	Heating control switch	Immersion heater switch	COMBI boiler control				
	Yes I don't know	Yes I don't know -No	Yes don't know -No	Yes L don't know - No	Yes I don't know No	Yes L don't know No	Yes I don't know -No	Yes I don't know -No	
Does it show what it is for?									
Does its location help to understand what it is for?									
Is it obvious if you should interact with it?									
Is it obvious how to use it?									
is it sufficiently labelled?									
Is it easy to operate?									
Does it show response to your actions?	\Box								
Does it allow making sufficient adjustments?									
 Comments on Central he 	eating & ho	ot water:							







Usability Survey at LILAC

- Major differences between households in skills to use controls
- Prevailing lack of skills to interact with maintenance controls: gas and water cut off points, fire alarm (apts.)...
- Actioned by LILAC collectively



Maintenance leaflet issued!

Central heating & hot water

MVHR controls

Renewables controls

Electricity & lighting

Emergency & Maintenance







Recommendations – systems

All controls intended for user interaction should be in convenient location, clearly labelled, visible and intuitive to operate

- access difficulties eg. solar pump pressure cannot be checked ...hidden
 hinges instead of screws would make the access easier
- ...better light required or ...collective procedures for meter readings to keep track of consumption









Individual examples of learning

- Engaging with new technologies – PV, Thermal, ModCell
- Variety of different practices by individuals from different backgrounds



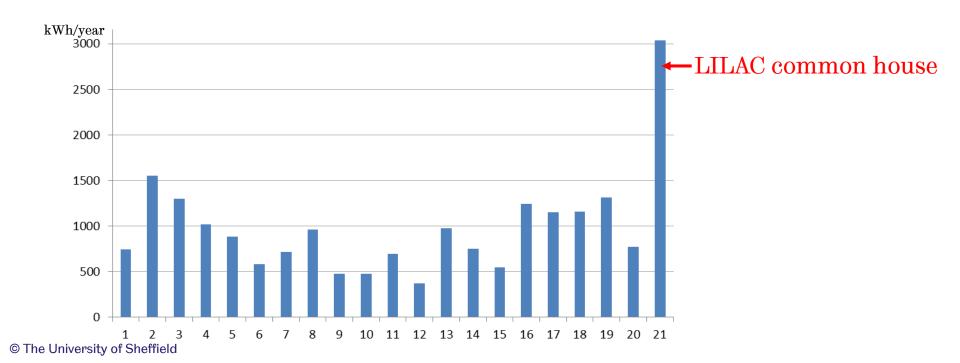






Electricity use (taken from grid)

- Over 4-fold variation between households
- Variety of different practices laundry in Common House









PV – power available for each home

≈ 950 W supplied by PVs per dwelling in the moments of favourable weather conditions: around midday on a sunny day



Or



>1200 W







PVs: raising awareness through BPE

- No direct access to the roof though maintenance needed – capital savings deferred to revenue costs in the future
- Considering permanent roof anchors for future access...
- Critical issue for solar panel maintenance and cleaning
- Thinking how to optimise energy performance in use



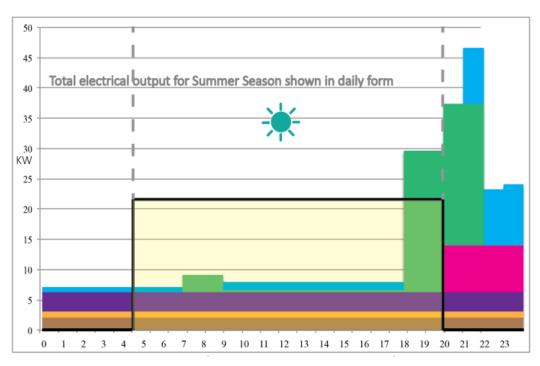






Load shifting energy use over 24 hours

Electricity isn't always used when it's generated by PV...



Cooking
Electronics
Heating
Lighting

Ventilation

Computing Refrigeration

PV generation

24 hours: Dwelling A

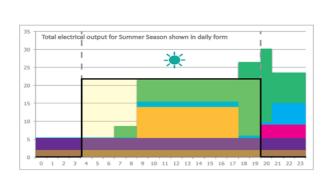




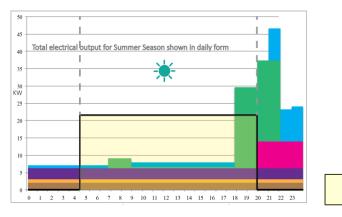


Adjusting energy uses to optimise PV

... major differences between homes depending on occupancy patterns and other factors



24 hours: Dwelling B



24 hours: Dwelling A

Cooking
Electronics
Heating
Lighting
Ventilation
Computing
Refrigeration
PV generation

"...I don't understand how the PV system works but it makes a tremendous difference.' Dwelling B Resident







Home use learning through...

- Regular monitoring of own consumption one person
- using on line resources, manuals or getting professional advice – some people
- trial and error & random chatting to neighbours (or maintenance team members)
 everyone

'... [learning from] people who have information... but it's changeable information... you end up with a lot of myths, things that were repeated around...'







Home use learning – individual

 Varied level of interest in technical side of home use control

'It's just such a low priority...'

...but without capacity to control (and interest in) the technology installed:

- faults can stay unnoticed
- 'myths' settle and are not challenged habits develop



Proper and corroded solar thermal fluid – no system feedback signalling fault...







Interviews revealed...

 Prevailing perception of empowerment and capacity to tackle any issues identified

'...I think it's normal that we haven't quite figured out bits and pieces. It's just an evolving thing and we haven't finished yet making it.'

- Considerate behaviour towards neighbours visible in numerous ways
- Two households question the affordability









Social Learning Tool

To provide understanding of

low impact home collective learning

happening within LILAC

- a community challenged to make the most of the potential that low carbon housing offers



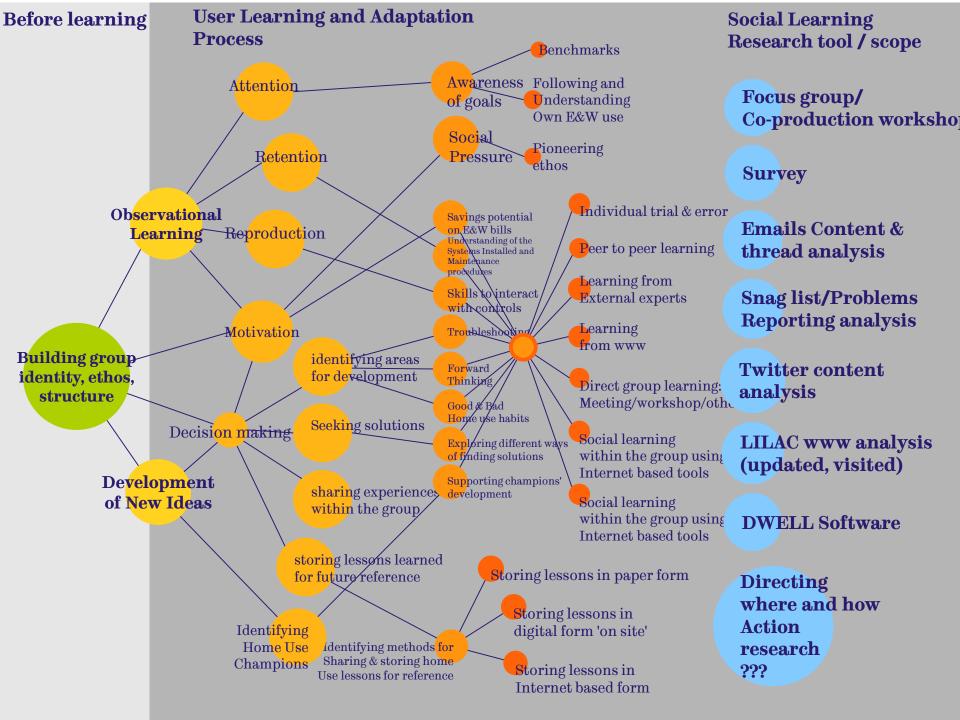






Social Learning Tool - steps

- analysis of internet based home use focused content & activities – with your consent...
- draw on existing interviews
- focus group to discuss findings and collective learning practices
- co-production workshop SL Tool for enhanced learning process









Home use learning - collective

Maintenance task team takes '...responsibility to ensure that everyone has an understanding of how the houses function,' and plans to 'facilitate communication between the uninformed and the people with knowledge...' Maintenance team member

This can work well...

 Lots of technology related knowledge as well as low impact living tips to share across the development...









Action learning implemented

- Big ones: MVHR recommissioning, ducting insulated
- ...and smaller ones too: pipes around hot water tank insulated – less heat loss in winter + less overheating in the summer







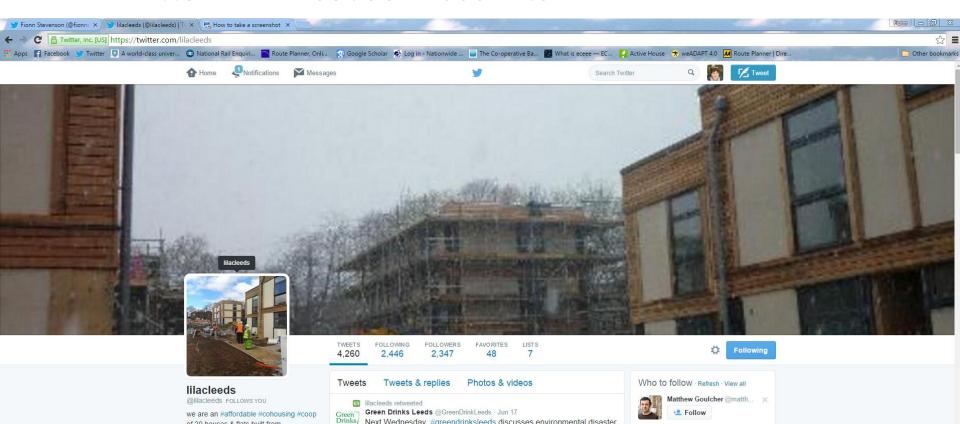






LILAC social media

- Very outward facing marketing the idea
- Twitter and Facebook accounts





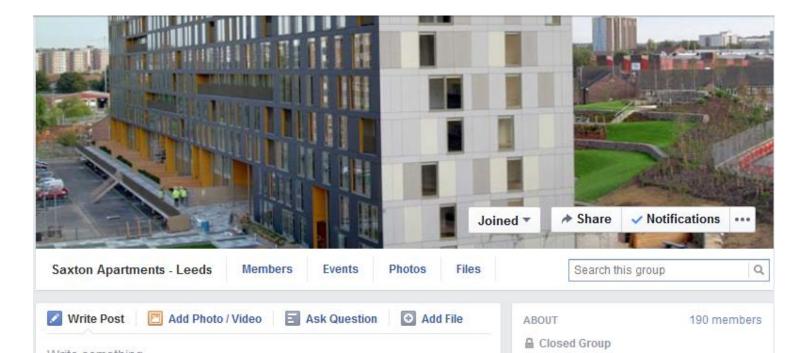




Saxton residents Facebook group

Closed group expanding – 190 members Nov 2014

- support with current home use issues
- strategic advice seeking







Collective Learning through Social Media

Potential for wider engagement due to significant differences within both case studies in:

- energy use
- understanding and skills to interact with controls
- achieved comfort levels



Ancion Court TSB BPE – Older users







You are warmly invited to take part in Ancion Court's Energy Day.





Ancion Court – User engagement

- How does the heat pump work and how is the building saving energy?
- What lessons have been learnt so far from the detailed monitoring project?
- Help to choose better heating controls for the future
 - test out different models and have your say on which ones work best for you.

Very hands on housing developer adding value!



Creating value through evaluation and collective learning

- Building Performance Evaluation provides baseline
- Feedback to design team and residents creates learning loop
- Action learning interventions create collective learning
- Far greater leverage on value than individualised learning
- Improved performance = improved value



Recommendations for Dynamic Learning to add value

- Occupants willing to learn more about technology
- BPE needs to become compulsory not optional
- Collective learning of home use issues needs to be more structured in housing policy, design and practice
- Collective learning needs to be repeated in order to 'stick'





 $Finn Stevenson \ talking \ with \ Glasgow \ tenants \ in \ 1990 \ about \ usability \some \ things \ have \ been \ around \ for \ a \ while \ -just \ need \ to \ catch \ on!$

Thank you.